Mini murder mystery Multiples, factors, primes, powers, roots

One of these 6 people has murdered one of the others. Each has made 4 statements about the following list of numbers.

> The murderer has made 3 errors. The victim has made 0 errors. The other suspects have made 1 or 2 errors.

5, 8, 13, 16, 21, 38, 49, 52, 61, 64, 72

Chloe says

- There are 5 odd numbers
- There are 2 square numbers
- There are 2 multiples of 7
- The lowest prime number in the list is 13



Phil said

- There are 3 primes
- The difference between the 1st 2 odd numbers in the list is 8
- There are 6 even numbers
- There are 3 factors of 64 in the list

Pauline says

- There are 2 cubes in the list
- There are 2 multiples of 9 in the list
- The largest gap between numbers is 9.
- The answer to 2⁵ is in the list

Miss Lune says

- 2⁴ is in the list
- $\sqrt{169}$ is in the list
- There are no factors of 18 in the list
- The product of the 2 lowest odd numbers is 63



Carl says

- The answer to $\sqrt{121}$ is in the list
- There are 2 multiples of 13 in the list
- There are 4 square numbers
- There are 4 multiples of 8

Geoff says

- There are 2 cubes in the list
- 2⁶ is in the list
- $\sqrt{81}$ is in the list
- There are no multiples of 12







Where

The murder was committed in a Midlands town near to Birmingham.



It was Wolverhampton if there are 3 prime numbers in the 20's

It was Kidderminster if there are 4 multiples of 30 between 100 and 200

It was Nuneaton if there are 9 factors of 36

It was Walsall if there are 5 perfect square numbers between 50 and 150

When.

Calculate the time and date from these

(eg hours answer =17 minutes part =28 gives a time of 17:28

(-g						
The hour part of the time is the answer to	$\int 16 \times (4^2 - \int 121)$					
The minute part of the time is the answer to	3 ³					
The day part of the date is	The factors of 8 added together					
The month part of the date is	The 3 rd multiple of 4					
The year part of the date is	$(10^3 \times \sqrt{4}) + \sqrt{100}$					

Why

a 4 ²	b √100	c 1 ² + 1 ³	d 10 ² ÷ 4	e 3² - √4	
f Next prime after 13	g 1 st prime no in the 20's	h 3 + 3 ²	i 5 th prime number	j 2 nd prime × 4 th prime	
k LCM of 2 & 7	2 ²	m √169	n 1 ¹⁰	o 2 ³	
p HCF of 30 & 45	9 5 ² - 1 ²	r Cube root of 125	s √400	† √9	
u √36	v √81	$\frac{\mathbf{w}}{4^2+1^2+1^2+1^2}$	× 9 th multiple of 2	y or z 5² - √9	

12	7	25	8	7	20	1	3	14	1
8	19	12	8	19	3	8	20	24	6
16	5	7	16	1	6	13	10	7	5